



RAN-3703 (223)



3rd M.B.B.S. Part - I Examination

January - 2023 notice ibni mot notimely

Community Medicine (Paper - I)

(Old Course)

સૂચના: / Instructions

નીચે દર્શાવેલ ☞ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fill up strictly the details of ☞ signs on your answer book	Seat No.:
Name of the Examination:	
■ 3rd M.B.B.S. Part - I	b) Describe briefly program
Name of the Subject :	c) Principles of chiquinatio
Community Medicine (Paper - I) (Old Course)	d) Uses of epidem or ex-
edical waste 8 0 7 8 .ou about solutions	

SECTION-I

1. Answer in one or two sentences.

10

- a) Differentiate disease and sickness.
- b) Differentiate disease eradication and disease elimination.
- c) Mention two uses of prevalence.
- d) Mention two uses of screening.
- e) What is quarantine?
- f) Mention two methods for presentation of qualitative data.
- g) Define unmet need of family planning.
- h) What is triage during disaster management?
- i) Presence of which bacteria is a evidence of recent fecal pollution of water?
- j) Which is the level of care for community health center?

2.		Long question - Describe steps of outbreak investigation. 10
3.		Short answers (2X5) EUVE-MAA 10
	a)	Community Diagnosis
	b)	Define "Urban area"
	c)	Mention four indications of MTP.
	d)	Safe and wholesome water mailed with white water
	e)	Methods for personal protection of mosquitoes
		SECTION-II II-NOITOAS
4.		Short notes (5 X 3)
	a)	Enlist elements of primary health care
	b)	Describe briefly programme evaluation and review technique.
	c)	Principles of chlorination : toeldus ent to email
	d)	Uses of epidemiology (serve) (Old Course)
	e)	Health hazards of biomedical waste
5.		Short notes (5 X 3) 1-NOITOHE 15
	a)	Explain Health promotion as a mode of intervention.
	b)	Health hazard of poor housing
	c)	Open vial policy
	d)	Pearl index
	e)	Classify carriers with one example.
		e) What is quarantine?
		g) Define unmet need of family planning.
		h) What is triage during disaster management?
		i) Presence of which bacteria is a cyldence of recent fecal pollution of
		to the last the second of the





3rd M.B.B.S. Part - I Examination

January - 2023

Community Medicine (Paper-II)

(Old Course)

[Total Marks: 60

સુચના: / Instructions

નીચે દર્શાવેલ 🖝 નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fill up strictly the details of 🖝 signs on your answer book	Seat No.:
Name of the Examination:	
3rd M.B.B.S. Part - I	
Name of the Subject :	
Community Medicine (Paper-II) (Old Course)	0.4 Short notes 5 (ra
Subject Code No.: 3 7 0 4 obigo not oldianogen enoton	Student's Signature

- All the Questions are Compulsory
- (3) Answer to the point
- Figures on the right side indicates Maximum Marks (4)
- Answers to each section must be written in Separate answer books. (5)

SECTION I

Write precise answer in ONE/TWO sentence/s Q.1 (Total 10 questions each of 1 mark)

10

- (a) Write down the strain recommended by WHO for production of BCG (a) Define family, Write different types of family, Advantages, snipsay
- (b) Write down the Incubation Period of Mumps.
- (c) Write down the disease transmitted by Housefly.
- (d) Define slide Positivity Rate and give formula for calculation of Slide Positivity Rate.
- (e) Write down the definition of Perinatal Mortality Rate and current Perinatal Mortality Rate in India as per census 2021
- (f) Write down the objective of ergonomics.
- Write down the name of disease due to Vitamin C deficiency and its characteristic.

	(h)	Define the Balance Diet.
	(i)	What is meaning of Household?
	(j)	Write down the function of NITI Aayog
Q.2		Write in detail about epidemiology and prevention and control of
		Hepatitis A January - 2023
Q.3		Write Very short questions on following (Each carries 2 marks)
	(a)	What do you mean by isolation and quarantine and its role in prevention of Covid -19?
	(b)	Write down the content of Pentavalent vaccine and how and when should it be given?
	(c)	What is meaning of "communication". List out barrier in communication process.
	(d)	What is Endemic Fluorosis? Write intervention for prevention of Endemic Fluorosis.
	(e)	Characteristics of mentally healthy person
		Name of the Examination:
		SECTION II Subject:
Q.4		Short notes 5 (each carries 3 marks) blo) (Pringers) and bell vinummoo 15
	(a)	Epidemiological factors responsible for epidemics of Dengue in urban
		area of Surat.
	(b)	Write down the epidemiological determinants in Rabies.
	(c)	Define maternal mortality ratio (MMR) .write down the determinants of Maternal Mortality in India
	(d)	Write down the communication process with its main component in
	(a)	
	(e)	Write down the Role of WHO in covid-19
01		(Total 10 questions each of I mark)
Q.5		Five Short questions (each carries 3 marks) and end now bain W (s) 15
	(a)	Define family. Write different types of family. Advantages and disadvantages of all types of family in 1-2 statements only.
	(b)	Write down the sources of iron, function and its deficiency and prevention of iron deficiency anemia
	(c)	Write down the problems of old age person.
	(d)	Write about characteristics of Turner's syndrome and role of Genetic Counselling as health promotional measure in genetic disease prevention.
	(e)	Write about role of preplacement examination in prevention of occupational disease.





3rd year M.B.B.S. Part - I Examination January - 2023

Community Medicine - Paper I

(New Course)

[Total Marks: 100

		nstructions	sf (2)	Seat No.:
)(Fill	દર્શાવેલ 🖝 નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર up strictly the details of 🖝 signs on yo		11.
	Г	ne of the Examination:		
	L	3rd year M.B.B.S. Part - I	D. C.	
		ne of the Subject :		
		Community Medicine - Paper I (New C	ourse)	1 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	Subje	ect Code No.: 2106000103030001		Student's Signature
		SECTION -	I (20 ma	arks)
		Multiple choice questions		20
	1.	Living standard of people is besta) Infant Mortality rateb) Maternal mortality	c) d)	Physical quality of life index Death rate
	2.	Natural history of disease is best	suited by	y Made 98 (d
		a) Cross sectional study	c)	Case control study
		b) Randomized controlled tria	d)	Cohort study
	3.	Attack rate is		the Husela
	٥.	a) Incidence of the disease	c)	Killing power of the disease
		b) Prevalence of the disease	d)	Incubation period of the disease
	4.	What is the odds ratio for the following	lowing?	
		a) ab/cd	c)	ac/bd
		b) ad/bc	d)	bc/ad
	5.	Man is the dead end for		
		a) Tetanus, Measles	c)	Tetanus, yellow fever
		b) Measles, yellow fever	d)	Rabies, tetanus

6.	In which of the following, herd imp	nunity	cannot protect the individual?
	a) Tetanus	c)	Poliomyelitis >
	b) Diphtheria	d)	All of the above
7.	The usefulness of a screening test in	n a con	nmunity depends on its
	a) Sensitivity	c)	Reliability
	b) Specificity	d)	Predictive value
8.	ASHA gets remuneration on all exc		Community I
	a) Institutional delivery	c)	Recording birth weight
	b) Zero dose of OPV and BCG	d)	Birth registration
9.	The best indicator for monitoring the Disorders control program is	he imp	act of Iodine Deficiency
	a) Prevalence of goitre among school children	c)	Urinary iodine levels
	b) Neonatal hypothyroidism	d)	Iodine level in soil
10.	Population growth is rated to be ex	plosive	e if the annual growth rate exceeds
	a) 2.0%	c)	1.0%
	b) 1.5%	d)	0.5%
11			
11.	Best indicator of fertility	c)	NRR
	a) CBR	d)	GRR
	b) TFR		
12.	Most undesirable metal in drinking		is
	a) Iron	c)	Zind
	b) Copper	d)	Lead
13.	Whispering produces a sound of		
10.	a) 20-30 dB	c)	40-50 dB
	b) 30-40 dB	d)	50-60 dB
14.		in	
1	a) Malaria	c)	Plague
	b) Filaria	d)	Cholera
1.5		medic	al wastes are treated by
15.		c)	Microwaving
		d)	Shredding
			IN DATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
16.		al cent	re for disaster management?
	a) PHC	c)	Police control room
	b) CHC	d)	District
17.	PERT is associated with		*a) Tetenny Monsley
- 1.	a) Qualitative analysis	(c)	Behavioural analysis
	b) Quantitative analysis	d)	None

	18.	A sub-centre is manned by		S STATE
		a) Medical officer	c)	Health assistant
		b) Multipurpose worker	d)	Aanganwadi worker
	19.	Principal unit of administration in	India i	b. Define planting cycle Deco 8
		a) Centre	c)	District
		b) State	d)	Village
	20.	PHC was introduced as result of re-	eport	
		a) Bhore committee	c)	Mudaliar committee
		b) Kartar Singh committee	d)	Shrivastav committee
				t Tau Palitical 100
		SECTION - II	I (40 m	narks)
2.		Long answer question (any I out	of 2)	(d to mu d (m) 10
	a.	Define randomization. Describe in	detail	steps of Randomized
		Controlled Trial.		
	b.	Define descriptive epidemiology. I	Describ	be procedures in
		descriptive epidemiology.		
3.		Write/Comment any Two short a	nswer	es (any 2 out of 3)
		(each carries 5 marks)		minute malestropic and 10
	a.	Bias		Semographic cycle
	b.	Blocked flea		
	c.	Biomedical waste management		
1		White short operation in one on the	o cont	anass (10) (sach sauniss 2 manls) 20
4.			o senti	ences (10) (each carries 2 mark) 20
	a.	Define sewage		
	b.	Define false negative		
	c. d.	Monitoring Define mean		Cobon study
		Endemic Endemic		
	e.	Zoonotic		
	f.			
	g.	Walk in cooler		
	h.	Incubation period		so'bd
	i.	Growth rate		
	j.	Pearl Index		

SECTION - III (40 marks)

5.		Long answer question (any I out of 2)	10
	a.	Describe National Tuberculosis Elimination Program in detail	
	b.	Define planning cycle. Describe its steps in detail.	
6.		Write/Comment any Two short answers (any 2 out of 3) (each carries 5 marks)	10
	a.	Census	
	b.	Chi square test	
	c.	Triage	
7.		Write short notes on following (5 short notes of 4 marks each)	20
		(any 5 out of 6)	20
	a.	Effects of air pollution. Prevention & control of air pollution.	
	b.	Indications & contra indications for intrauterine contraceptive	
		device insertion	
	c.	Septic Tank	
	d.	Difference between case control study and cohort study	
	e.	Chlorination of water	
	f	Demographic cycle	





3rd year M.B.B.S. Part - I Examination January - 2023

Community Medicine - Paper II (New Course)

[Total Marks: 100

	શાવેલ 🖝 નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર p strictly the details of signs on y		
	e of the Examination:		gottion!
3	rd year M.B.B.S. Part - I	nctating_m	11. Extra calories no day in b
	of the Subject :		008 (6
- C	community Medicine - Paper II (New	(Course)	b) 500
Subjec	et Code No.: 2106000103030002	urated fatt	Student's Signature
	SECTION	I -1 (20 m	arks)
	Multiple choice questions		13. Which of the following pu
1.	Emporiatrics deals with the hea		
	a) Farmers de la	c)	Industrial workers
	b) Travellers	d)	Mine workers
2.	Lead poisoning in industries co	mmonly	occurs by
	a) Inhalation	c)	Skin absorption
	b) Ingestion	d)	Conjunctival route
3.	Sickness absenteeism is a usefu	il index to	assess
		c)	Worker management relationship
	b) Sincerity of the workers	d)	State of health of the workers
4.	Hardy Weinberg law is related to	to	
	a) Gene therapy	c)	Population genetics
	b) Human genome project	d)	Eugenics Villa de Co
5.	Which one of the following is n with mental illness?	not a socio	p-pathological factor associated
	a) Emotional stress	c)	Endocrine diseases
	b) Frustration	d)	Anxiety
6.	MCH care is assessed by		
	-) D414-	c)	Maternal mortality rate
	a) Death rate	()	ivialcinal mortality rate

	country is		
	a) IMR	c)	NNMR
	b) PNMR	d) .	NMR
8.	Best indicator for growth measurem	ent is	3rd year M.B.B.S. Pa
	a) Height	c)	Arm circumference
١	b) Weight	d)	None
9.	Desk for student is		
	a) Zero desk	c)	Minus desk
	b) Plus desk	d)	All the desks
10.	ICDS does not cover		
	a) Nutritional supplementation	c)	Health education
	b) Formal education	d)	Immunization
11.	Extra calories per day in lactating m	others	
	a) 300	c)	Name of the Subject 000
	b) 500 (earlie)	d)	1000 - englisett utiminimoo
12.	The highest content of saturated fatt	ty acid	is in 910000015 Providence Staldus
,	a) Palm oil	c)	Coconut oil
	b) Butter (2) 1-1	d)	Margarine
13.	Which of the following pulses has t	he high	hest content of iron?
	a) Bengal gram	c)	Red gram
	b) Black gram	d)	Soya bean (a)
14.	Egg has all vitamin except		
	a) BI yd accurs by BI	c)	2. Load poisoning in indo
	b) B6 oligrozds mixle (5	d).	E notaledal (a
15	Nalgonda technique is used for		(b) inacstion
15.		c)	Iodization of salt
	b) Chlorination of water	d)	Detoxification of contaminated
	d) State of health of the wor	rkeis	mustard oil
16.	WHO declared global eradication o	f Smal	l pox on radnisw whall de
	a) 26 th October 1977	c)	17 th May 1975
	b) 5 th July 1975	d)	8 th May 1980
17.	Most important feature to diagnose	severe	pneumonia do doidW
	회사들은 아이들의 이 회사 이렇게 이렇게 하는데	c)	Nasal flaring
	b) Chest indrawing	d)	Fast breathing
18.	Marker for infectivity of serum in H	Iepatiti	is B is
	a) HBsAg	c)	HBeAg
	b) AntiHBC	d)	AntiHBe 1 disself (8
	9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	 Best indicator for growth measurem Height Weight Desk for student is Zero desk Plus desk ICDS does not cover Nutritional supplementation Formal education Extra calories per day in lactating many and and and and and and and and and and	8. Best indicator for growth measurement is a) Height c) b) Weight d) 9. Desk for student is a) Zero desk c) b) Plus desk d) 10. ICDS does not cover a) Nutritional supplementation c) b) Formal education d) 11. Extra calories per day in lactating mothers a) 300 c) b) 500 d) 12. The highest content of saturated fatty acid a) Palm oil c) b) Butter d) 13. Which of the following pulses has the higi a) Bengal gram c) b) Black gram d) 14. Egg has all vitamin except a) Bl b) B6 d) 15. Nalgonda technique is used for a) Defluoridation of water c) b) Chlorination of water d) 16. WHO declared global eradication of Smal a) 26 th October 1977 c) b) 5 th July 1975 d) 17. Most important feature to diagnose severe a) Cyanosis c) b) Chest indrawing d) 18. Marker for infectivity of serum in Hepatita a) HBsAg c)

	19.	
		a) Increases shelf life c) Cheaper b) Nutritious d) Tastier
	20.	5, maker mestion (any I out of 2)
		a) Wild c) Fixed
		b) Street d) Live Attenuated
		SECTION - II (40 marks)
2.		Long answer question (any l out of 2)
	a.	Write in detail about The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
	b.	Write epidemiology, prevention and control measures of Measles in detail.
3.		Write/Comment any Two short answers (any 2 out of 3) (each carries 5 marks)
	d.	Nutrition surveillance
	e.	Eugenics Write preventive and control areas for displaced in the second
	f.	Antenatal care single and penalon base some seminostic distribution of the source of t
4.		Write short answers in one or two sentences (10) (each carries 2 mark) 20
	a.	Define food adulteration
	b.	Society
	c.	Name of first generation sexually transmitted diseases
	d.	Define drug dependence
	e.	Sources of Iron
	f.	Cut-off points for the diagnosis of anemia
	g.	Net protein utilization
	h.	Milk pasteurization
	i.	Balanced diet
	j.	Low birth weight

SECTION - III (40 marks)

	Long answer question (any I out of 2)	10
a.	Define maternal mortality rate. Describe its causes, prevention & control measures in detail.	
b.	Define social problem. Describe in detail various social problems in India.	
	Write/Comment any Two short answers (any 2 out of 3)	10
16.		10
d.		
e.	UNICEF	
f.	Pneumoconiosis	
	(each carries 5 martes)	
	Write short notes on following (5 short notes of 4 marks each) (any 5 out of 6)	20
a.	Write preventive and control measures for diabetes in India	
b.	Recrudescence and relapse in malaria	
c.	Warning signs of cancer. Briefly describe risk factors of breast cancer	
d.	Rule of halves	
e.	Acculturation	
f.	Turner's syndrome is bentimenent villauxes noticement and to small a series	
	b. d. e. f. a. b. c. d. e.	 a. Define maternal mortality rate. Describe its causes, prevention & control measures in detail. b. Define social problem. Describe in detail various social problems in India. Write/Comment any Two short answers (any 2 out of 3) (each carries 5 marks) d. Functions of World Health Organization e. UNICEF f. Pneumoconiosis Write short notes on following (5 short notes of 4 marks each) (any 5 out of 6) a. Write preventive and control measures for diabetes in India b. Recrudescence and relapse in malaria c. Warning signs of cancer. Briefly describe risk factors of breast cancer d. Rule of halves e. Acculturation



T. Y. MBBS (Part - I) Examination April - 2023

Community Medicine: Paper - I (New Course)

			-						
સુચના	:	1	In	str	u	CI	tic	n	S

(1) નીચે દર્શાવેલ ➡ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fill up strictly the details of ➡ signs on your answer book	Seat No.:
Name of the Examination:	
T. Y. MBBS (Part - I)	(d) Seutipel s
Name of the Subject :	
Community Medicine : Paper - I (New Course)	8 Incidence can b
Subject Code No.: 2206000103030103	Student's Signature

SECTION - 1 (MCQ 20 MARKS)

Q. 1. Multiple Choice Questions. (each carry 1 mark)

20 Marks

- 1. James Lind is known for
- (a) Germ theory of disease
 - Multifactorial causation of disease
 - Prevention of scurvy by citrus fruits
 - (d) Web of causation
 - 2. Breast Feeding Week is celebrated on?
 - (a) 1st week of March
- (b) 1st week of July
- (c) 1st week of August
- 1st December (d)
- 3. Who is regarded as Father of Public Health?
 - (a) Louis Pasteur
- (b) Cholera
- (c) John snow
- Robert Koch
- 4. Human Development Index (HDI) does not include:
 - Mean years of schooling
- Life expectancy at age 1 (b)
- (c) Real GDP per capita
- (d) Adult literacy rate

5.		t universally accepted indicat		alth status of whole population ng the following is:
	(a)	MMR		IMR
	(c)	Life expectancy	(d)	Disease notification rates
6.	Whe	n a child 'lost' his hands and	unable 1	to do routine works called as:
	(a)	Handicap	(b)	Disability
	(c)	Impairment	(d)	Battered baby syndrome
7.	Miss	sing cases are detected by		
	(a)	Active surveillance	(b)	Passive surveillance
	(c)	Sentinel surveillance	(d)	Monitoring
8.	Incid	dence can be calculated in:		
	(a)	Case-control study	(b)	Prospective study
	(c)	Retrospective study	(d)	Cross-sectional study
9.	Scre	ening of the diseases is which	n type o	f prevention?
	(a)	Primordial	(b)	Primary
	(c)	Secondary	(d)	Tertiary
10.	The	diagnostic power of a test to	correctly	y exclude the disease is reflected
	by:			
	(a)	Sensitivity	(b)	Specificity
	(c)	Positive predictivity	(d)	Negative predictivity
11.		piratory rate can be diagnosed onth-old infant, if respiratory		
	(a)	29 170 100 100 11 (11)	(b)	(139 M to 155 / 184 (II) 1
	(c)	49 mdmoood #1 (b)	(d)	59
12.	ВСС	G is: Similar of the		
	(a)	Live attenuated vaccine	(b)	Killed vaccine
	(c)	Toxoid (b)	(d)	Immunosuppressant agent
13.		freshly prepared ORS (Oral lafter:	Rehydra	tion Solution) should not be
	(a)	6 hours	(b)	12 hours
	(c)	18 hours	(d)	24 hours

	(a) 5 days	(b) 10 days	
	(c) 15 days	(d) 20 days	
15.	Most common cause of blindnes	ss due to easily preventable cause in ch	nildren
	(a) Diabetes	(b) Trachoma	
	(c) Vit. A deficiency	(d) Cataract	
	en kerge official today by know	(5 Martis each)	
16.	India belongs to which demogra		
	(a) High stationary	(b) Low stationary	
	(c) Early expanding	(d) Late expanding	
17.	Minipills contain:		
	(a) Only progesterone is small	I quantity	
	(b) Progesterone and estrogen		
	(c) Estrogen in small quantity	and progesterone in large	
	(d) Estrogen	c) Classification of MJCDs.	
18.	Under ICDS, caloric supplemen	t for pregnant women	
	(a) 300 Kcal, 8-10 grams of p		
	(b) 200 Kcal, 6-8 grams prote		
	(c) 600 Kcal, 16-20 grams pro	oteins	
	(d) 500 Kcal, 20-25 grams pro		
		b) Additional requirement of elforing	
19.	Kishori Shakti Yojana (KSY) is	i) Straufted sampling.	
	(a) Empowerment of females	under Maternity Benefit Scheme	
	(b) Adolescent girl's scheme	under ICDS	
	(c) Free and compulsory educ	cation for girl child	
		for female juvenile delinquents	
20.	An example of secondary health	a care level would be:	
	(a) Primary Health Center	(b) Sub Center	
	(c) Community Health Center	r (d) Apex Health Institutions	

14. Yellow fever vaccination starts protection after how many days of

injection:

SECTION - 2 (40 MARKS)

- Q. 2. Write full question on following: (any 1 out of 2)
 - 1. Classify various epidemiological studies. What are elements of a cohort study?
 - 2. What is safe and wholesome water? Discuss purification of water on a small scale.
- Q. 3. Write down your comments on the following: (any 2 out of 3) (5 Marks each) 10 Marks
 - 1. Integrated vector control.
 - 2. Case control study.
 - 3. What is triangle of epidemiology.
- O. 4. Write in one or two line short questions. (10) (2 Marks each) 20 Marks
 - a) Secondary attack rate.
 - b) What is blocked flea.
 - c) Classification of IUCDs.
 - d) 4 important blood born infections of public health importance.
 - e) Draw symbol of biomedical waste disposal system.
 - f) Non-scalpel vasectomy.
 - g) Residual chlorine.
 - h) Additional requirement of chlorine during lactation.
 - i) Stratified sampling.
 - i) Amount of light reaching a surface is measured in which unit.

SECTION - 3 (40 MARKS)

- Q. 5. Write full question on following: (any 1 out of 2)
 - 1. Define Epidemiology. What are the uses of epidemiology?
 - 2. What are different types of families? What are functions of the family? Discuss the cultural factors in health and disease.

10 Marks

- Q. 6. Write Short Notes on following: (5 Marks each) (any 2 out of 3) 10 Marks
 - 1. Steps of epidemic investigation.
 - 2. Cafeteria approach in family planning.
 - 3. Importance of age at marriage.
- Q. 7. Write Short Notes on following: (any 5 out of 6) (4 marks each) 20 Marks
 - a) Cyclic trend of disease.
 - b) Adverse effects following immunisation.
 - c) Levels of disease prevention.
 - d) Iceberg phenomenon of diseases.
 - e) Epidemiology versus clinical medicine.
 - f) What is sanitary barrier.



Third MBBS (Part - I) Examination April - 2023

Community Medicine: Paper - II (New Course)

સૂચના	 1	Ins	stru	cti	01	ns
2 0 00		-	,		U.	

નીચે દર્શાવેલ ☞ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fill up strictly the details of ☞ signs on your answer book	Seat No.:
Name of the Examination:	
Third MBBS (Part - I)	
Name of the Subject : Management Island and Standard	of set to double to
Community Medicine : Paper - II (New Course)	Destablish As
Subject Code No.: 2206000103030104	Student's Signature

SECTION - I (Total marks = 20)

- Q. 1. Encircle correctly appropriate answer from following multiple choice questions (20 each of I mark)
 - 1. Nuclear family is
 - A. Husband, wife, independent children
 - B. Husband, wife, dependent children
 - C. Husband, wife, son
 - D. None of above
 - 2. Kuppuswamy's scale is based on the following variables except
 - A. Education

B. Occupation

C. Income

- D. Housing
- 3. Consider the following:
 - 1. Night blindness
 - 2. Corneal xerosis
 - 3. Conjuctival xerosis
 - 4. Keratomalacia

What is the correct sequence of the above in the progress of clinical presentation of vitamin A deficiency blindness?

A. 1-2-3-4

В. 1-3-2-4

C. 1-3-4-2

D. 2-1-4-3

20

	4.	Reg	arding the concentration of	f nutrients in	n the breast milk, the incorrect is:
		A.	3.5% fat		
		B.	Lower protein content th	an that of c	ow's milk
		C.	6.2 % lactose		
		D.	High calcium supply by	100 ml as c	ompared to cow's milk
	5.	Hig	hest amount of iron is seen	in which o	f following pulse
		A.	Horse gram	B.	Bengal gram
		C.	Black Gram	D.	Soyabean
	6.	Wh	ich of the following is the	nodal minis	try for ICDS programme?
		A.	Ministry for Human Res	ource Deve	lopment
		В.	Ministry for Rural Deve	lopment	
		C.	Ministry for woman and	child devel	opment
		D.	Ministry for Health and	Family Wel	fare
	7.	UN	ICEF provides all Except:		Tu dana 05) začinenia
		A.	Child nutrition	B.	Child health education
		C.	Immunization	D.	Family planning
	8.	Dus	st particle, in a industry is a		
		A.	Biological hazards	В.	Chemical hazards
		C.	Physical hazards	D.	Mechanical hazards
	9.		ich of the following expos	ure carries t	he maximum risk of transmission
		A.	Sexual intercourse	B.	Blood transfusion
		C.	Transplacental	D.	Needle prick
	10.	Lov is:		ence of the	ecommended for Asian populations
		A.	>18.5	В.	>20.5
		C.	>23	D.	
RAN	-220	60001	103030104]	[2]	06814

11.		chool child is diagnosed to have chicken pox. He should be isolated from er school children till:
	ouic	a school children till.
	A.	The scabs fall off
	B.	Two days after the scabs are formed
	C.	Three days after the fever develops
	D.	Five days after the development of pustules

- 12. An 80 kg 50 years old gentleman is found to have BP of 135/80 mm of Hg. The most important step included in primary prevention of hypertension in this patient is to:
 - A. Advise lipid profile
 - Reduce weight B.
 - Ensure patient compliance C.
 - D. Take antihypertensive treatment
- 13. The commonest morbidity in schools is:
 - A. **Dental Ailments**
- B. Worm Infestations
- C. Malnutrition
- D. Skin Diseases
- 14. Most persuasive and effective media system for communication is:
 - Inter-personal Communication A.
 - B. Mass Media Communication
 - C. Social Media Communication
 - Printed Media Communication D.
- 15. Which of the following statements refers to propaganda?
 - Develops individuality A.
 - The process is behaviour centered B.
 - Makes people think for themselves C.
 - Appeals to emotion D.
- 16. Composition of ORS which of the following is correct:

 - A. Na+ 90 meq/L B. HCO3-10 meq/L
- K+ 20 meq/L D. Cl- 5 meq/

17. Prevention of drug dependence is based following approach Educational approach B. Community approach All of the above D. Legal approach C. 18. Currently given regimen fo Bancroftian filariasis is DEC - 6 mg/kg/day X 12 days DEC - 18 mg/kg/day X 24 days B. DEC -12 mg/kg/day X 12 days C. DEC-24 mg/kg/day X 24 days D. 19. A Female has presented with lower abdominal pain and vaginal discharge, which drug shall be given as per Syndromic approach? Cefixime, Metronidazole, clarithromycin Cefadroxyl, Metronidazole, clarithromycin B. Cefixime, Metronidazole, Doxycycline C. Cefixime, Metronidazole, Azithromycin 20. Marriage between two heterzyygous individuals for same disorder is prevented by Retrospective Genetic counseling A. Legislation B. Mass health education C. Prospective Genetic counseling D. **SECTION - II (Total marks = 40)** 10 Write full question on following (Any 1 out of 2) Q. 2. a) Describe epidemiological determinants, clinical profile, prevention and control of Dengue fever. b) Describe sources, routes of spread and preventive measures of hospital acquired infection. Write down short notes / your comments on the following statements Q. 3. 10 (2 comments) (5 marks each) (Any 2 out of 3) a) Motivation model of health education is essential for behaviour change. -Justify the sentence with appropriate comments.

b)	Food poisoning and cholera are clinically and epidemiologically different. - Justify the sentence with appropriate comments.
c)	Post exposure prophylaxis after needle stick injury while treating suspected HIV affected individual.
	Write in one or two line short questions (2 marks each) 20
a)	Enlist control measures for measles outbreak.
b)	Enlist causes of mental ill health.
c)	Enumerate factors associated with high risk of drug abuse.
d)	Enlist four preventive actions for genetic diseases.
e)	Explain the reason of observation of 7 th April as world health day and mention the theme of world health day 2022.
f)	Enlist four benefits of demonstration as group approach for health communication.
g)	Mention four cardinal features of leprosy.
h)	Mention the schedule of routine and precaution dose for Covid vaccination.
i)	Mention four key indicators to evaluate malaria elimination under NVBDCP programme.
j)	Enlist four rights of patient while seeking healthcare.
	SECTION - III (Total marks = 40)
	Write full question on following (Any 1 out of 2)
(a)	Describe the population strategy for prevention of coronary heart disease.
(b)	Describe measurement, types, prevention and control of undernutrition.
	Write down short notes / your compare & contrast on following
	(2 comments) (5 marks each) (Any 2 out of 3)

zinc.

a) Janani shishu suraksha yojna.

c) Principles of case management under IMNCI.

Q. 4.

Q. 5.

Q. 6.

b) Classify the minerals and describe Public health importance of fluorine and

- Q. 7. Write Short notes on following (5 short notes of 4 marks each) (Any 5 out of 6)
- 20
- a) Write preventive and control measures for infant mortality in India.
- b) Briefly describe risk factors of breast cancer.
- c) Write preventive measures of radiation hazards in industry.
- d) Prophylactic dose and regime for Iron and Folic Acid supplementation under anemia mukt bharat programme. (INIPI)
- e) Write guidelines of choice of cooking oil to balance various fatty acids in diet.
- f) Mention measures of primary Preventive health care for elderly.