

RAN-2006000102010001

Second Year M. B. B. S. Examination

February - 2021

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[Total Marks: 40
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a) Ano necesie aspiration eviology.
busineholds will be wied concretiful. (d
Student's Signature
necessary.
ECTION-I
out of 6) (05)
tations with example.
cells.

Write two names of DNA oncogenic viruses.

2.		Answer in Short: (Any 3 out of 4)	(15)
	a)	Paraneoplastic syndrome.	
	b)	Define necrosis. Describe types of necrosis with their morphology.	
	c)	Growth factors in repair.	
	d)	Pathogenesis of septic shock.	
		SECTION-II	
3.		Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	(10)
	a)	Mismatcheel blood transfusion Reactions.	
	b)	Define autoimmunity and classification of autoimmune diseases.	
	c)	Pathological calcification.	
4.		Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	(10)
	a)	Fine needle aspiration cytology.	
	b)	Difference between kwashiorkor and marasmus.	
	c)	Microscopic findings of semen analysis.	



RAN-2006000102010002

Second Year M.B.B.S. Examination

February - 2021

	ine. Z	Hours]	[Total Marks: 4
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(9))		
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		trictly the details of r signs on your answer book	
750		the Examination: pnd Year M.B.B.S.	
200		the Subject :	
		ology: Paper II	
		ode No.: 2006000102010002	
<u> </u>		2000000102010002	Student's Signature
		res on the right indicates full Marks	
(3)	Draw	illustrated diagrams 1-	
		illustrated diagrams wherever necessary.	
		SECTION-I	
		SECTION-I	(05)
	a)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6)	(05) y anaemia
		SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficienc Enumerate various pneumoconiosis	y anaemia
1.	a) b) c)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficienc Enumerate various pneumoconiosis Draw an illustrated diagram of microscopic features.	y anaemia res of Fatty Liver
	a) b) c) d)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficience Enumerate various pneumoconiosis Draw an illustrated diagram of microscopic feature Enlist Four conditions where reticulocyte count in	res of Fatty Liver
	a) b) c) d) e)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficience Enumerate various pneumoconiosis Draw an illustrated diagram of microscopic feature Enlist Four conditions where reticulocyte count in What is Intussusception?	y anaemia res of Fatty Liver
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1.	a) b) c) d) e)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficienc Enumerate various pneumoconiosis Draw an illustrated diagram of microscopic featu Enlist Four conditions where reticulocyte count in What is Intussusception? Four causes of nephrotic syndrome	y anaemia res of Fatty Liver ncreases.
	a) b) c) d) e) f)	SECTION-I Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6) Peripheral blood smear findings in Iron deficience Enumerate various pneumoconiosis Draw an illustrated diagram of microscopic feature Enlist Four conditions where reticulocyte count in What is Intussusception? Four causes of nephrotic syndrome Answer in short: (Any 3 out of 4)	y anaemia res of Fatty Liver ncreases. (15)
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SECTION-II

3.	Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	(10)

- a) Liver Function test
- b) Discuss the etiopathogenesis of carcinoma lung
- c) Describe the aetio-pathogenesis, Gross and microscopy of chronic pyelonephritis.
- 4. Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3) (10)
 - a) Describe distinguishing features of Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis.
 - b) Discuss the etiopathogenesis and pathology of carcinoma breast.
 - c) Multiple myeloma.

N-2006000102010001

Second Year M. B. B. S. Examination

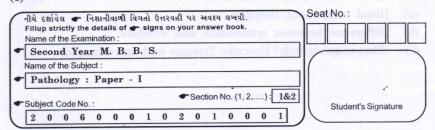
June / July - 2021 Pathology : Paper - I

Time: 2 Hours]

[Total Marks: 40

Instructions:

(1)



- (2) Figures on the right indicates full marks.
- (3) Draw illustrated diagrams wherever necessary.
- (4) Write legibly.

SECTION - I

- 1 Answer to the point (Any 5 out of 6)
 - (a) Define atrophy and give two example of it.
 - (b) Draw illustrated diagram of microscopic features of tuberculous granuloma.
 - (c) Name two special stains used in Histo pathology with its uses.
 - (d) Enumerate pre-transfusion test.
 - (e) Normal value of S. urea & S. Creatinine.
 - (f) Four causes of Xanthochromia.
- 2 Answer in Short: (Any 3 out of 4)

15

5

- (a) Cell derived chemical mediators of acute inflammation.
- (b) Define Neoplasia. Difference between benign and malignant tumours.
- (c) Define edema. Write pathophysiology of edema.
- (d) Difference between necrosis & apoptosis.

N-2006000102010001]

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SECTION - II

3	Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	10
	(a) Exfoliative cytology.	
	(b) Pathological calcification.	

- (c) Define Amyloidosis. Describe structure and types of amyloid Proteins.
- 4 Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)

 (a) Blood component therapy.

 (b) Difference between transudate and exudate.

What is an uploidy? Describe Trisomy with one example.

Frame in Sheet character of the part of the second state of the point (Any 5 out of 6)

SECTION - I

SECTION - I

Define atrophy and give two example of it.

Draw illustrated diagram of microscopic features of tuberculous granuloma.

Name two special stains used in Histo pathology with its uses.

Rumerate pre-transfusion test.

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Pour causes of Xanthochromia.



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Second Year M. B. B. S. Examination

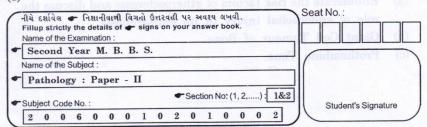
June / July - 2021

Pathology: Paper - II

Time: 2 Hours] [Total Marks: 40

Instructions:

(1)



- (2) Figures on the right indicates full marks.
- (3) Draw illustrated diagrams wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

1 Answer to the point: (Any 5 out of 6)

5

- (a) Define atelectasis.
- (b) Name four haemoglobinopathies.
- (c) Draw an illustrated diagram of Reed Sternberg cell.
- (d) What is Volvulus?
- (e) Enlist causes of End-Stage Kidney.
- (f) Name Germ cell tumours of the ovary.

2 Answer in short: (Any 3 out of 4)

15

- (a) Describe autopsy findings in a case died of Chronic Myeloid Leukemia.
- (b) Discuss pathogenesis and morphology of rheumatic heart disease.
- (c) Enumerate the stages in the evolution of lobar pneumonia.List the complications.
- (d) Classify Cirrhosis of Liver. Discuss Alcoholic Cirrhosis.

N-2006000102010002]

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SECTION - II

3	Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	
	(a) Discuss Classification and pathogenesis of Rapidly progressive	
	glomerulonephritis.	
	(b) Describe Sickle cell anaemia.	
	(c) Barrette's Oesophagus.	
4	Answer in short: (Any 2 out of 3)	
	(a) Enumerate the risk factors of atherosclerosis and discuss the	
	role of endothelial injury in its pathogenesis.	
	(b) Giant Cell Tumour of Bone.	
	(c) Prothombine Time.	
	Subject Code No. **Section No.(1,2,) 158	
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	Figures on the right indicates full marks	
	SECTION - I	
	,	
	Answer to the point : (Any 5 out of 6)	
	(a) Define atelectasis.	
	(e) Enlist causes of End-Stage Kidney, :	
	Answer in short: (Any 3 out of 4)	

[120]